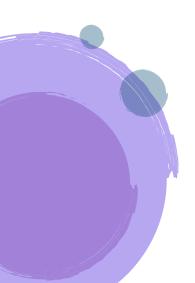


ESSAIS CLINIQUES TOUS TUMEURS



Titre de l'essai

AN OPEN-LABEL, MULTICENTER, PHASE 1a/1b STUDY OF IGM-8444 AS A SINGLE AGENT AND IN COMBINATION IN SUBJECTS WITH RELAPSED, REFRACTORY, OR NEWLY DIAGNOSED CANCERS

Investigateur principal: Pr Thomas APARICIO



Population cible de Phase 1b: Subjects with colorectal cancer

Etude randomisée évaluant en 2^{ème} ligne de traitement d'un cancers colorectal métastatique d'un anticorps monoclonal « *anti-death receptor 5* », action pro-apoptotique, associé au FOLFIRI + bévacizumab.

L'étude peut être proposée à tous les patients qui n'ont pas reçu d'irinotécan en 1^{ère} ligne avec des critères d'éligibilité pour une phase précoce

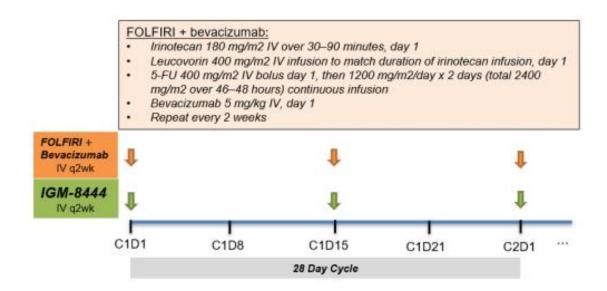
Traitement à l'étude (phase lb):

IGM-8444

FOLFIRI (5-Fluorouracil + Leucovorin+irnotecan)+Bevacizumab

Schéma de traitement (phase Ib): :

Figure 4 Dosing in the Randomized CRC Cohort



Rythme des visites (phase 1b) :

APPENDIX 10 PHASE 1B: RANDOMIZED COHORT SCHEDULE OF ACTIVITIES

		Screening ^a		Cycle 1 ^b					Су	cles	2-1	3 b		EOT °	SFU LTI				
	Day (Window)	−28 to −1	1 (+ 1)	2	3	8 (±1)	15 (±1)	16 (±1)	17 (±1)	22 (±1)	1	2 (+2)	3 (+2	15		17) (±2)			
-	((((((((((((((((((((\ - -/		_	\/	\/	\/	(/			\/	\ 	/\	/\	/\/		-	

LES CRITERES D'INCLUSIONS ET DE NON INCLUSIONS:

LES CRITERES D'INCLUSIONS: Les patient(e)s répondant à l'ensemble des critères suivants seront éligibles pour participer à l'étude :

OUI NON NA

1- Signed Informed Consent Form (ICF)		
2- Age ≥ 18 years at time of signing ICF		
3- Ability to comply with the study protocol, in the investigator's judgement		
4- ECOG Performance Status of 0 or 1 with the exception noted for AML patients below		
5- Archival or fresh tumor tissue available for biomarker evaluation unless discussed with Medical Monitor		
6- For women of childbearing potential or men, agreement to use one highly effective form of non-hormonal contraception or one highly effective form and one effective form of non-hormonal contraception through the course of study treatment and for 3 months after the last dose of IGM-8444 single agent treatment for 6 months after 5-fluorouracil-based chemotherapy treatment, 30 days after venetoclax treatment, 3 months after birinapant treatment, 6 months after docetaxel treatment, 6 months after gemcitabine treatment, 6 months after azacitidine treatment, 6 months after bevacizumab treatment, and 6 months after the last dose of irinotecan treatment.		
o A woman is considered not to be of childbearing potential if she is postmenopausal, defined by amenorrhea for ≥ 12 months and age ≥ 45 years and FSH and estradiol are within postmenopausal range, or age ≥ 60 , or has undergone hysterectomy and/or bilateral oophorectomy	,	
o Highly effective forms of contraception are defined as methods that can achieve a failure rate of less than 1% per year when used consistently and correctly		
o Effective forms of contraception are defined as acceptable birth control methods that result in a failure rate of more than 1% per year when used consistently and correctly		
7- For women of childbearing potential, a negative serum pregnancy test within 7 days prior to commencement of dosing		

women who are considered not to be of childbearing pote are not required to have a pregnancy test.	ential
8- Male subjects must agree to abstain from sperm donation months after the last dose of IGM-8444, for 6 months aff fluorouracil-based chemotherapy treatment, 30 days venetoclax treatment, 3 months after birinapant treatment months after docetaxel treatment, 6 months after gemcit treatment, 6 months after azacitidine treatment, 6 months bevacizumab treatment, and 6 months after the last do irinotecan treatment.	ter 5- after ent, 6 abine after
Subjects enrolled in the CRC (or FOLFIRI-eligible) containing combination cohorts must also meet the following criteria for study entry:	
a. Histologic documentation of incurable, located advanced or metastatic colon or rectal adenocarcing or carcinoma with the noted exception for escalation below	noma
b. Subjects who are either refractory to or intolera existing standard therapy or for whom no effer further standard of care therapy option exists	
c. For Phase 1b CRC cohort: Must be FOLFIRI-naïve must have received only 1 prior therapeutic reg ("therapeutic" is defined as any cytotoxic, biolog targeted therapy [approved or investigational] intent to treat the cancer) administered for treatment of cancer in the advanced/metastatic se	imen ic, or with the
d. INR ≤ 1.5 x ULN unless subject is rece anticoagulant therapy and PT or PTT is w therapeutic range of intended use of anticoagu and no clinically significant bleeding event with months.	vithin clants
e. Adequate organ function as evidenced by (hemato parameters must be assessed at least 14 days from last growth factor support or prior transfusion, if	n the
o ANC \geq 1000/µL o Total hemoglobin \geq 9 g/dL o Platelet count \geq 100,000/µL o Serum creatinine \leq 1.5 x ULN, or estimated creatinine clearance \geq 50 mL/min or estimate of glomerular filtration rate \geq 50 mL/min/1.73 m2 (Cockcroft-Gault or oth institutional methods) o Serum AST and serum ALT \leq 2 x ULN • AST and ALT \leq 3 x ULN is allowed if liver function abnormalities are due to underlying malignancy.	

o Total serum bilirubin ≤ 1.5 x ULN regardless of liver		
involvement secondary to tumor.		
 Inclusion of subjects with increased serum indirect 		
bilirubin (≤ 3 x ULN) due to Gilbert's syndrome is permitted.		
o Alkaline phosphatase \leq 2.5 x the ULN		
o Albumin $\geq 3.0 \text{ g/dL}$		
o No clinically significant pleural or peritoneal effusion		
requiring drainage		
f. For dose-escalation cohorts only:		
o Subjects with incurable, locally advanced or metastatic		
colon or rectal adenocarcinoma or carcinoma for whom		
FOLFIRI is considered an appropriate therapy.		
 Other incurable, locally advanced, or metastatic 		
tumor types, investigators deem appropriate for FOLFIRI		
therapy may be enrolled after consultation with Medical		
Monitor.		
g. For dose expansion cohorts only:		
o Subjects with incurable, locally advanced or metastatic		
colon or rectal adenocarcinoma or carcinoma for whom		
FOLFIRI ± bevacizumab (and approve biosimilars) is		
considered an appropriate therapy.		
o At least one target lesion that can be accurately measured		
per RECIST v.1.1.		
*		

LES CRITERES D'EXCLUSIONS : Les patient(e)s répondant à un de l'ensemble des critères suivants seront non-éligibles pour participer à l'étude :

OUI NON NA

1. Pregnancy or breastfeeding 2. Prior DR5 agonist therapy 3. Concomitant use of agents well known to cause liver toxicity o Combination partners proposed in protocol and essential supportive medications used for ensuring patient safety during

study treatment are permitted

		I	I
4.	Current treatment with medications that are well known to prolong the QT interval		
	o Subjects deemed to be clinically stable per the judgement of the investigator based on length of time on medications and baseline QTcF results being within normal limits are eligible.		
5.	History of severe allergic or anaphylactic reactions to antibody therapy (or recombinant antibody-related fusion proteins)		
6.	Prior use of any chemotherapeutic agent or small molecule inhibitors (SMI) within 2 weeks or 5 half-lives, whichever is shorter, prior to first dose of study treatment		
7.	Treatment with a monoclonal antibody, or any other anticancer agent (including biologic, experimental, or hormonal therapy) investigational or otherwise, that is not chemotherapy or a SMI, within 4 weeks or five half-lives of the drug, whichever is shorter, prior to first dose of study treatment, with the following exceptions:		
	o Hormonal therapy with gonadotropin-releasing hormone (GnRH) agonists or antagonists for prostate cancer		
	o Hormone-replacement therapy or oral contraceptives		
8.	Palliative radiation to bone metastases within 2 weeks prior to Day 1.		
9.	Major surgical procedure within 4 weeks prior to Day 1		
10.	Known active or uncontrolled bacterial, viral (including COVID-19), fungal, mycobacterial, parasitic, or other infection (including HIV and atypical mycobacterial disease but excluding fungal infections of the nail beds) at study enrollment or any major episode of infection requiring treatment with IV antibiotics or hospitalization (relating to the completion of the course of antibiotics) within 4 weeks prior to Cycle 1, Day 1		
ant	Patients with AML who have infections controlled with IV or oral cibiotics may be eligible to start treatment after discussion with edical Monitor		
11.	Subjects with active Hepatitis B virus (HBV) infection, defined as having a positive hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) test at screening		

o Subjects with past HBV infection or resolved HBV infection (defined as the presence of hepatitis B core antibody [HBcAb] and absence of HBsAg) are eligible.		
o HBV DNA should be obtained in these subjects prior to study treatment administration.		
12. Subjects with active Hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection, defined as having a positive HCV antibody test followed by a positive HCV RNA testing at screening		
o Subjects who are positive for HCV antibody are eligible only if PCR is negative for HCV RNA.		
13. Evidence of significant uncontrolled concomitant diseases, such as cardiovascular disease (including stroke, New York Heart Association Class III or IV cardiac disease or myocardial infarction within 6 months prior to screening, unstable arrhythmias, and unstable angina); pulmonary, nervous system, renal, hepatic, endocrine, or gastrointestinal disorders; autoimmune disease, or a serious non-healing wound or fracture.		
14. History or presence of an abnormal ECG that is clinically significant in the investigator's opinion, including complete left bundle branch block, second- or third-degree atrioventricular heart block, or evidence of prior myocardial infarction within previous 6 months		
15. History of ventricular dysrhythmias or risk factors for ventricular dysrhythmias such as structural heart disease (e.g., severe left ventricular systolic dysfunction, left ventricular hypertrophy), clinically significant electrolyte abnormalities (e.g., hypokalemia, hypomagnesemia, hypocalcemia), or family history of sudden unexplained death or long QT syndrome.		
16. Diagnosis of any secondary malignancy within 3 years prior to enrollment, except for those patients treated with curative intent and no evidence of active disease.		
17. Untreated or active central nervous system (CNS) metastases (progressing or requiring anticonvulsants or corticosteroids for symptomatic control). Subjects with a history of treated CNS metastases are eligible, provided that they meet all of the following criteria:		
o Evaluable or measurable disease outside the CNS o Radiographic demonstration of improvement upon the completion of CNS-directed therapy and no evidence of interim progression between		

the completion of CNS-directed therapy and the screening radiographic	 	
study o The screening CNS radiographic study is 8 weeks since completion of		
radiotherapy and 4 weeks since the discontinuation of corticosteroids		
and anticonvulsants		
18. Any other diseases, metabolic dysfunction, physical		
examination finding, or clinical laboratory finding giving		
reasonable suspicion of a disease or condition that		
contraindicates the use of an investigational drug or that may		
affect the interpretation of the results or render the patient at		
high risk from treatment complications.		
19. Current Grade > 1 toxicity (except alopecia and anorexia) from		
prior therapy or underlying disease. Subjects with current		
Grade 2 chronic toxicities that are well-controlled by		
medications may be enrolled after discussion with Medical		
Monitor.		
20. For bevacizumab-containing chemotherapy cohorts only:		
D 11:1 (1 1 : (>1/0)		
o Recent history of hemoptysis of ≥ 1/2 teaspoon of red blood o History of gastrointestinal (GI) perforations and fistulae		
o Patients with uncontrolled hypertension		
71		
21. For randomized FOLFIRI Phase 1b combination dose cohort		
only:		
o Subjects who have previously received FOLFIRI treatment for		
advanced or metastatic disease		
o Subjects with a complete deficit of dipyrimidine dehydrogenase		
(DPD)		
22. Inability to comply with study and follow-up procedures		